

DAN E ARNETT CHIEF OF STAFF

Phone: (803) 737-0800 Fax: (803) 737-0801

February 16, 2006

VIA HAND DELIVERY

The Honorable Charles L.A. Terreni Chief Clerk/Administrator South Carolina Public Service Commission 101 Executive Center Dr., Suite 100 Columbia, SC 29210

Re: Petition of the Office of Regulatory Staff for Rulemaking Proceeding Governing the Performance Bonds Filed by Water and Sewer Utilities

Docket No. 2005-243-WS

Dear Mr. Terreni:

For your docket, please find enclosed the original and twenty-five (25) copies of the Direct Testimony and Exhibits of Willie J. Morgan and Dawn M. Hipp in the above referenced docket. Also, if you would, please date stamp the extra copy and return it to me via our courier.

Please let me know if you have any questions.

Benjamin P. Mustian

RETURN DATE: DE

Sincerely

BPM/pjm Enclosures

cc: Julie F. McIntyre, Esquire

Sarah K. Black

RECEIVE

BEFORE

THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

DOCKET NO. 2005-243-WS

IN RE:

Petition of the Office of Regulatory) PETITION FOR Staff for Rulemaking Proceeding) RULEMAKING

This is to certify that I, Pamela J. McMullan, an employee with the Office of Regulatory Staff, have this date served one (1) copy of the **DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS OF WILLIE J. MORGAN AND DAWN M. HIPP** in the above-referenced matter to the person(s) named below by causing said copy to be deposited in the United States Postal Service, first class postage prepaid and affixed thereto, and addressed as shown below:

Sara K. Black, Vice President Lake Princeton Water Co. 121 South Chateau Drive W. Columbia, SC 29170

Julie F. McIntyre, Esquire SC DHEC 2600 Bull Street Columbia, SC 29201

Pamela J. McMullan

February 16, 2006 Columbia, South Carolina

THE OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS

OF

DAWN M. HIPP



2006 FEB 1 6 PM 4: 2
SC PULLIO HATERIANA
COLUMNISSION

DOCKET NO. 2005-243-WS

Petition of the Office of Regulatory Staff for Rulemaking Proceeding Governing the Performance Bonds Filed by Water and Sewer Utilities

1		TESTIMONY OF DAWN M. HIPP
2		FOR
3		THE OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF
4		DOCKET NO. 2005-243-WS
5		IN RE: WATER AND WASTEWATER PERFORMANCE BONDS
6		
7		
8		
9		
10	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND
11		OCCUPATION.
12	A.	My name is Dawn M. Hipp. My business address is 1441 Main Street, Suite 300,
13		Columbia, South Carolina 29201. I am employed by the state of South Carolina as
14		a Program Specialist in the Water/Wastewater Department for the Office of
15		Regulatory Staff ("ORS").
16	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND
17		EXPERIENCE.
18	A.	I am a 1992 graduate of Moorhead State University where I earned a B.S. in
19		Political Science. I have over eight years of experience in hazardous waste
20		regulation. From 1996 to 1999, I worked for Laidlaw Environment Services in
21		Saukville, Wisconsin, as an accounts receivable supervisor and then as a facility
22		accounting supervisor for Laidlaw's Government Services Division. In this role, I
23		facilitated electronic commerce including EDI transfer of order and EFT

1		payments with customers. I also developed, implemented, and enhanced
2		government billing and waste tracking systems. From 1999-2003, I worked for
3		Safety-Kleen Corporation and Clean Harbors Environmental Services, Inc. in
4		Columbia, SC as an operations manager in the Government Services Division. In
5		this role, I managed the financial, operations and all regulatory aspects of field
6		offices nationwide serving Department of Defense hazardous waste removal
7		contracts. I was accountable for the viability of 14 government contracts yielding
8		\$12 million in revenue annually.
9		In September 2004, I joined ORS as the Program Specialist for the Water and
10		Wastewater Department. I am a member of the American Water Works
11		Association ("AWWA") and the South Carolina Section of the American Water
12		Works Association ("SC-AWWA").
12 13	Q.	Works Association ("SC-AWWA"). WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS
	Q.	
13	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS
13 14		WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING?
13 14 15		WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING? The purpose of my testimony is to provide information regarding water and
13 14 15 16		WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING? The purpose of my testimony is to provide information regarding water and wastewater system financial viability as requested by this Commission.
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13 14 15 16 17 18	A.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS PROCEEDING? The purpose of my testimony is to provide information regarding water and wastewater system financial viability as requested by this Commission. Specifically, I will focus on the definition of viability and current viability statistics on regulated water and wastewater utilities. ARE THE FINDINGS OF YOUR REVIEW CONTAINED IN THIS

1	Q.	PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW YOU COMPILED INFORMATION FOR YOUR
2		TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS.
3	A.	I used financial information as provided by South Carolina Public Service
4		Commission ("PSC") regulated water and wastewater utilities in their 2004
5		Annual Reports, 2005 Gross Receipts Filing and 2005 Performance Bond filing.
6		In addition, I consulted with and reviewed information provided by South
7		Carolina Department of Environmental Health and Control ("DHEC"), the
8		Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"), the National Association of
9		Regulatory Utility Commissioners ("NARUC"), the National Regulatory
10		Research Institute ("NRRI"), AWWA and the National Association of Water
11		Companies ("NAWC").
12	Q.	HOW IS WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM VIABILITY
12 13	Q.	HOW IS WATER AND WASTEWATER SYSTEM VIABILITY DEFINED?
	Q.	
13		DEFINED?
13 14		DEFINED? According to the State Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("SPDWR") 61-
13 14 15		DEFINED? According to the State Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("SPDWR") 61-58.B, the term "viable water system" is defined as:
13 14 15 16		DEFINED? According to the State Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("SPDWR") 61- 58.B, the term "viable water system" is defined as: "a water system that is self-sustaining and has the commitment and the
13 14 15 16 17		DEFINED? According to the State Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("SPDWR") 61- 58.B, the term "viable water system" is defined as: "a water system that is self-sustaining and has the commitment and the financial, managerial and technical capability to consistently comply with
13 14 15 16 17		DEFINED? According to the State Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("SPDWR") 61- 58.B, the term "viable water system" is defined as: "a water system that is self-sustaining and has the commitment and the financial, managerial and technical capability to consistently comply with the Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA") and the SPDWR."
13 14 15 16 17 18		DEFINED? According to the State Primary Drinking Water Regulations ("SPDWR") 61- 58.B, the term "viable water system" is defined as: "a water system that is self-sustaining and has the commitment and the financial, managerial and technical capability to consistently comply with the Safe Drinking Water Act ("SDWA") and the SPDWR." Likewise, the South Carolina Water Pollution Control Permits Regulations

1		replacement of wastewater systems to reasonably assure compliance with
2		Department laws and regulations."
3		For comparison, the AWWA offers the following definition of a "viable system"
4		in its Executive Summary approved in June 1995 titled "Building Water System
5		Viability:"
6		"Viable systems are self-sustaining systems that can reliably meet all
7		present and future requirements in a dynamic, comprehensive manner that
8		assures the continued delivery of safe water."
9		In summary, SC investor-owned water and wastewater utilities must be self-
10		sustaining which implies managed, funded and maintained to ensure the consumer
11		receives and continues to receive reliable service in compliance with all State and
12		Federal rules and regulations.
13	Q.	CURRENTLY, HOW IS VIABILITY REGULATED FOR INVESTOR-
14		OWNED WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITIES IN SOUTH
15		CAROLINA?
16	A.	Water and wastewater system viability is specifically regulated by DHEC under
17		the SPDWR and SCWPCPR. Under R.61-58.1(B)(4) and R.61-9.600.4, a new
18		water or wastewater system must demonstrate to DHEC that it will be a viable
19		entity in order to receive a permit from the Agency to construct the system. In
20		addition, existing water and wastewater systems with operational, maintenance or
21		compliance problems may be required by DHEC to submit an organized business
22		plan to demonstrate their commitment to viability. According to DHEC

1		requirements, utilities must specifically address the following areas, according to
2		DHEC guidelines, in their business plan:
3		1) Facilities planning;
4		2) Management planning; and
5		3) Financial planning.
6		While DHEC only requires a business plan on new water and wastewater systems
7		or those struggling with compliance, DHEC encourages all utilities to develop
8		such a plan as general business practice.
9		The PSC regulates water and wastewater system viability in two ways:
10		1) Setting rates which enable a fair return on investment and the ability
11		to attract capital for infrastructure repair and replacement while
12		maintaining affordability for the consumer; and
13		2) Requiring performance bonds to assist in continued operation of
14		needy systems.
15	Q.	ARE PSC-REGULATED WATER AND WASTEWATER UTILITIES
16		SELF-SUSTAINING AND COMPLIANT WITH REGULATORY
17		REQUIREMENTS? PLEASE EXPLAIN.
18	A.	I have prepared four exhibits to provide you with a general financial and
19		compliance status within our currently regulated water and wastewater utilities.
20		Exhibit DMH-1 provides a comprehensive overview of the financial and
21		compliance status of water and wastewater utilities. I have included the following
22		information for your reference.

1	1) 2004 Annual Report data including file date, number of customers
2	served, and operating revenues/expenses;
3	2) Net operating margin derived from the 2004 Annual Report;
4	3) PSC approved operating margin and PSC order number granting
5	operating margin;
6	4) Gross Receipts status for the period ending June 30, 2005;
7	5) Current Performance Bond status.
8	Exhibit DMH-2 compares the average operating revenues and average operating
9	expenses reported by the utilities for business conducted in 2004. It is important
10	to note here that 13 utilities did not file 2004 Annual Reports with the PSC and
11	nine utilities have no known PSC-approved operating margin. As you can see,
12	average operating revenues for utilities whose customer base is less than 5,000
13	customers was reported to be less than average operating expenses for the same
14	time period. Financial ratios are often used to gauge the viability of water and
15	wastewater utilities. Exhibit DMH-3 provides a comparison between the actual
16	operating margins produced by water and wastewater utilities during 2004 and
17	operating margins approved by the PSC for these utilities for this same time
18	period.
19	Exhibit DMH-4 provides an overview of utilities' compliance with PSC
20	requirements. I have added some interest points to indicate average revenue of
21	utilities in and out of compliance. Utilities with low operating revenue struggle to
22	file annual reports and gross receipts.

1	Q.	IN GENERAL, WHAT ACTIONS CAN A WATER OR WASTEWATER
2		UTILITY UNDERTAKE TO ENSURE IT IS A SELF-SUSTAINING,
3		VIABLE ENTITY?
4	A.	In order to operate successfully over the long term, water and wastewater utilities
5		can take the following actions:
6		1) Request rates sufficient to fund operating costs and capital
7		infrastructure improvements to ensure compliance;
8		2) Develop a strategic business plan to include the following components:
9		a) Short and long-term financial planning;
10		b) Technical and operational planning;
11		c) Succession planning;
12		d) Managerial development; and
13		d) Asset management planning
14		3) Communicate and collaborate with all stakeholders
15	Q.	DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
16	A.	Yes it does.

THE OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF

DOCKET NO. 2005-243-WS

Petition of the Office of Regulatory Staff for Rulemaking Proceeding Governing the Performance Bonds Filed by Water and Sewer Utilities

DAWN M. HIPP TESTIMONY

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NO.	EXHIBIT TYPE	PREPARED BY
DMH-1	PSC Water and Wastewater 2004 Annual Report Statistics	ORS
DMH-2	Comparison of 2004 Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses	ORS
DMH-3	Operating Margin Comparison	ORS
DMH-4	Compliance Status and Operating Revenue Comparison	ORS

Notes:

- 1) 13 Utilities did not file the 2004 Annual Report.
- 2) PSC Approved Operating Margin is not available for 9 utilities.
- 3) All Annual Report data is not audited by ORS.

PSC Water and Wastewater 2004 Annual Report Statistics*

CUSTC CUSTC	-	ANNOAL	_	-			RET	APPROVED			
INC.		REPORT	OPERATING	OPERATING	OPERATING	INTEREST PER	OPERATING	OPERATING	OPERATING	ENDING	REQUIREMENT
S. INC.	+	05/11/05	\$217,247	\$216,537	\$710	\$5,853	-2.37%	18.32%	2002-535		у
INC.	929	07/13/05	\$172,504	\$153,394	\$19,110	\$3,670	8.95%	4.44%	1995-1579	Å	z
SI O	5,673	03/24/05	\$1,297,728	\$1,146,756	\$150,972	\$20,866	10.03%	25.96%	Unknown	,	<u> </u>
IN C.	8	60/000	\$95,410	\$119,682	-324 2/2	9329	40 100	12.29%	1990-134	->	- 2
i i i	1 156	12/20/05	\$24,216	\$24,205	-8325 160	700,114	-358 94%	Linknown		- >	2 2
	87	03/17/05	\$262,690	\$232.024	\$30,666	\$3.151	10.47%	8.22%	96-44	<u> </u>	<u></u>
	15,512	05/17/05	\$5,797,307	\$3,136,614	\$2,660,693	\$650,387	34.68%	12.43%		Å	γ
CUC, INC. DEVELOPMENT SERVICES, INC. DOWD WATER SYSTEM E. A.R. PARTHERSHIP E. A.R. PARTHERSHIP E. A.R. PARTHERSHIP E. A.R. PARTHERSHIP E. GOLINT WATER SYSTEM FERGUSON WATER SYSTEM GEORGIA WATER & WELL SERV., INC. GLATO'S ACRER GOAT ISLAND WATER UTILITY, INC. H. A. HENTERPRISES HAIG POINT UTILITY, COMPANY, INC. HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC.	190	NOT FILED	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	Unknown	13.04%		À	≻ :
DEVELOPMENT SERVICES, INC. DOWD WATER SYSTEM E. &. R PARTINERSHIP E. &. R PARTINERSHIP E. E. R. PARTINERSHIP E. E. R. PARTINERSHIP E. E. R. PARTINERSHIP E. COMM. WATER SYSTEM ELOYDVILLE COMM. WATER SYSTEM GEORGIA WATER & WELL SERV., INC. GOAT ISLAND WATER UTILITY, INC. H. &. H ENTERPRISES HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. HARDER SILAND UTILITIES, INC. HARDER SILAND UTILITIES, INC. HARDER SILAND UTILITIES, INC.	1,537	04/08/05	\$567,853	\$611,784	-\$43,931	\$0	-7.74%	-51.91%		Å	٨
DOWD WATER SYSTEM E. & R PARTINERSHIP E. G. E. POINT WATER CO. JNC. E. C. ERGUSON WATER SYSTEM ELOYDVILLE COMM. WATER SYSTEM GEORGIA WATER & WELL SERV., INC. GLATIO'S ACREE GOAT ISLAND WATER UTILITY, INC. H. & HENTERPRISES HAIG POINT UTILITY, COMPANY, INC.	140	03/07/05	\$262,621	\$240,261	\$22,360	\$4,838	6.67%	8.22%	1996-44	<u> </u>	>_;
E & R PARTNERSHIP EAGLE POINT WATER CO. JNC. ERGUSON WATER SYSTEM ELOYDYILLE COMM. WATER SYSTEM GEORGIA WATER & WELL SERV., INC. GNATIO'S ACRES GOAT ISLAND WATER UTILITY, INC. H& HENTERPRISES HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. HARDER ISLAND UTILITIES, INC. HARDER ISLAND UTILITIES, INC.	62	08/04/05	\$32,008	\$15,823	\$16,185	05	50.57%	20.00%	2	<u> </u>	2>
ERGUSON WATER SYSTEM ELOYDYILLE COMM. WATER SYSTEM GEORGIA WATER & WELL SERV., INC. GIATIO'S ACRES GOATIO'S ACRES GOATIO'S ACRES GOATIO'S ACRES GOATIO'S ACRES HALL ENTERPRISES HALL PRINTING HALL HOTTERPRISES HALL POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. HARL BOINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. HARL SARK WATER WORKS, INC.	5/2	NOT EII EN	\$58,468	98,154	\$20,4/9	2	45.23%	37.66%	1003-020	- 2	- 2
FLOYDYILLE COMM. WATER SYSTEM GEORGIA WATER & WELL SERV., INC. GNATO'S ACRES GOATIO'S ACRES GOATIO'S ACRES GOATIO'S ACRES GOATIO'S ACRES GOATIO'S ACRES HAG POINT UTILITY, INC. HAG POINT UTILITY, COMPANY, INC. HAG POINT UTILITY, COMPANY, INC. HAG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC.	5	OA/OA/OS	£3 934	\$2 194	\$1740	OS	44.23%	-110.24%		<u> </u>	z
GEORGIA WATER & WELL SERV., INC. GNATO'S ACRES GOAT ISLAND WATER AND SEWER, INC. GUERIN CREEK WATER UTILITY, INC. H.& HENTERPRISES HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. HARDER SELVIN UTILITIES, INC. HARDER SELVIN UTILITIES, INC.	1	NOT FILED	OS	0\$	S	20	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	À	z
GNATO'S ACRES GOAT ISLAND WATER AND SEWER, INC. GUERIN CREEK WATER UTILITY, INC. H. & HENTERPRISES HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. HARDER SLAND UTILITIES, INC. HARDER SLANDERS, INC.	424	06/17/05	\$393,745	\$338,594	\$55,151	\$3,384	13.15%	26.91%	89-1131	٨	À
GOAT ISLAND WATER AND SEWER, INC. SUERIN CREEK WATER UTILITY, INC. 1,8 H ENTERPRISES LAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. JARBON SILVING UTILITIES, INC. JARBON SILVINGS WATER WATER WATER	14	NOT FILED		S	\$0	\$0	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Z	2
GUERIN CREEK WATER UTILITY, INC. 1, & H. ENTERPRISES HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. 14AIG POINT UTILITIES, INC. 14ARGOR ISLAND UTILITIES, INC.	100	06/24/05	\$63,526	\$45,420	\$18,106	⊗	28.50%	None set	<u> </u>	>	z
4.8. HENTERPRISES HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. JARBON SILAND UTILITIES INC. WARE ANDEW WATER WACHES INC.	4	NOT FILED	- 1	S.	S	S	Unknown	42.30%			z
HAIG POINT UTILITY COMPANY, INC. JARBOR SILAND UTILITIES, INC. CONTROL OF THE WORKS, INC.	<u>8</u>	07/01/05	\$2,335	\$1,540	\$795	S.	34.05%	Unknown	Unknown	2 >	z,
HARBOR ISLAND UTILITIES, INC.	35	07/13/05	\$161,951	\$170,716	-28,/65	200	-5.41%	UNKNOWN	UNKINOWN PCC	->	,
	8	02/01/05	\$335,183	\$311,262	\$23,921	914,24	709C E	35 20%	1994-656	- >	- >
TO COX ITTI FIED INC	33 62	07/27/05	\$10.504	A14 202	-\$14 910	\$169	-143 55%	-139.61	2004-101		Z
KIAWAH ISLAND LITILITY INC.	8.211	03/30/05	\$4.981.843	\$3,522,854	\$1,458,989	\$541,017	18.43%	10.75%	2002-285	\	Z
AKE PRINCETON WATER COMPANY	9	04/14/05		\$3,013	\$1,451	\$0	32.50%	23.80%	2003-657	٨	z
LAKE WYLIE COMMUNITY UTILITIES	568	05/18/05	\$64,760	\$112,106	-\$47,346	\$413	-73.75%	Unknown	Unknown	,	٨
LINKS WATER TREATMENT, LLC	22	04/01/05	\$13,786	\$17,893	-\$4,107	\$ 0	-29.79%	0.00%	2003-236	Α.	_
MADERA UTILITIES, INC.	\$	04/04/05	\$28,802	\$29,501	669\$-	₩	-2.43%	10.00%	2004-296	>	z
MĘLROŚE UTILITY COMPANY, INC.	348	05/24/05	\$220,025	\$287,406	-\$67,381	S	-30.62%	Unknown	٦	,	<u></u>
MIDLANDS UTILITY, INC.	2,842	08/15/05	\$967,029	\$940,656	\$26,373	\$8,514	1.85%	12.46%		> ;	<u>,</u>
MOORE SEWER, INC.	S S	NOT FILED		20	200	2	Unknown	25.37%	7003-5/7	>	- Z
OCEAN LAKES UTILITY, LP	7,367	SON TANCO	\$5.10,304	350,240	\$200,324	3	28 1294	4.00 A			2
PALMETTO OTILITIES, INC.	, E	NOT FILED	08	08	\$0.1.10 \$0.1	S	Unknown	-35.97%		Z	z
PINEY GROVE UTILITIES. INC.	383	NOT FILED	8	S	05	⊗	Unknown	8.50%	1992-29	N	Z.
QUAIL HOLLOW UTILITIES, INC.	570	07/01/05	\$150,984	\$155,036	-\$4,052	\$0	-2.68%	5.41%		٨	z
QUAIL RIDGE WATER COMPANY	81	02/03/06	\$14,802	\$5,449	\$9,353	0\$	63,19%	39.40%		\	>
RIVER PINES WATER SYSTEM, INC.	308	NOT FILED	0\$	0\$	0\$	8	Unknown	11.56%		Z,	z
RURAL WATER, INC.	2	07/11/05	\$17,524	\$15,059	\$2,465	8	14.07%	14.45%	1992-822	<u> </u>	z
S.D. UTILITIES, INC.	8	NOT FILED	0\$	03	05	200	Unknown	%00.0 0		>	2.>
SCENIC LAKE PARK WWTP	52	02/03/04	\$8,298	\$7,255	21,044	3	12.58%	1,8176	2003-380		2
SCOTLAND YARD UTILITY	8 5	OS/SAUS DEMANS	44 401	\$28.030	\$15.472	\$14,000	1	15.82%			z
SIGNET D WATER CO INC	8	03/16/05	\$38,133	\$18.796	\$19,337	\$5,006	37.58%	19.24%		\	Z
SOUTH AT ANTICITIES INC	28	NOT FILED	OS	S	8	8		1.22%		À	z
SOUTHLAND UTILITIES, INC.	18	05/17/05	\$48,084	\$29,479	\$18,605	\$6,680		15.95%			z
	4	NOT FILED	0\$	0\$	0\$	8			1998-935		Z
	UNKNOWN	NOT FILED	3	0\$	03	3				2>	<u> </u>
T.J. BARNWELL UTILITY, INC.	230	03/14/05	\$91.963	\$177,352	-\$85,390	405 124	78778-	12.51%	1000-101		12

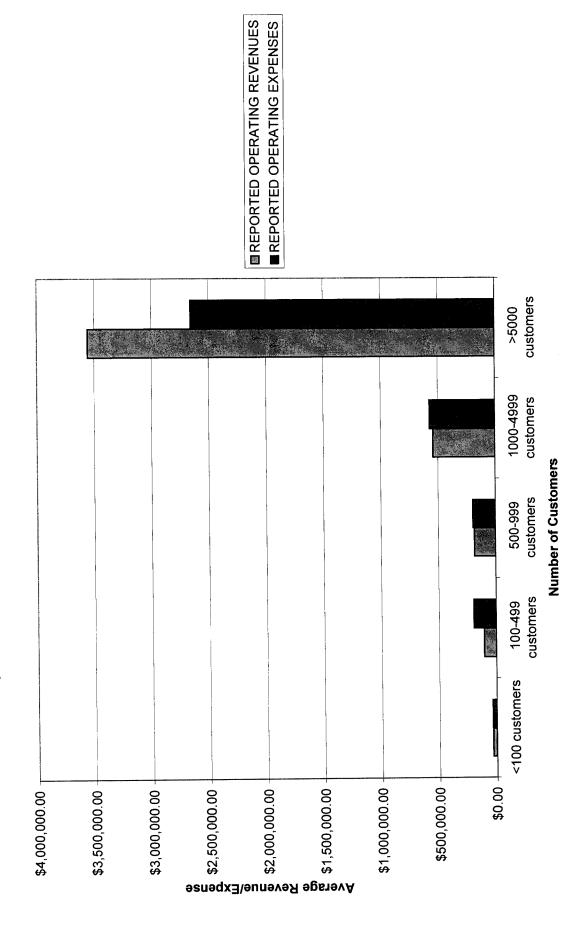
- Footnote:

PSC Water and Wastewater 2004 Annual Report Statistics*

									ORDER	GROSS RECEIPTS FILED	COMPLIANT WITH PERFORMANCE
	NUMBER OF	ANNUAL	OPERATING	OPERATING	OPERATING	INTEREST PER	NET OPERATING	APPROVED OPERATING	GRANTING	ENDING	REQUIREMENT
COMPANY NAME	CUSTOMERS	RECEIVED	REVENUES	EXPENSES	INCOME	REPORT	MARGIN	MARGIN	MARGIN	06/30/05(Y/N)	(XJR)
TEST TOTAL ENV SYSTEMS INC.	101	07/05/05	\$394.307	\$587,914	-\$193,607	0\$	~49.10%	3.86%	97-392	٨	_
INITED LITE ITY COMPANIES INC	1.75	05/17/05	\$863.061	\$635,415	\$227,646	\$74,532	17.74%	8.34%	2004-254	Y	z
LIDETATE WATER RESOLIRCES	62	06/23/05	\$54.311	\$99,141	-\$44,830	0\$	-82.54%	-56.56%	1999-664	Α.	Z
LITH THES SERVICES OF S.C. INC.	7.349	05/17/05	\$2,333,013	\$1,567,208	\$765,805	\$273,609	21.10%	Unknown	Unknown	٨	Z
WATER SUPPLY CO. INC.	222	04/20/05	\$41,286	\$41,676	-\$390		-0.94%	-56.48%	1995-1515 \	Α.	Z
WOOD! AND LITILITIES, INC.	1.174	03/24/05	\$164,985	\$148,198	\$16,787	\$7,680	5.52%	19.65%	1991-1023	Α	
WRIGHT'S PLUMBING AND UTILITES INC.	26	06/20/05	\$9,710	\$8,350	\$1,360	S	14.01%	-11.16%	1999-850	\	2
WYBOO PLANTATION UTILITIES, INC	266	04/06/05	\$190,886	\$182,932	\$7,954	\$20,758	-6.71%	-128.71%	1998-33	\	Z
WYBOO WATER DEPARTMENT, INC.	100	10/21/05	\$27,445	\$18,856	\$8,589	<u>Q</u>	31.30%	Unknown	Unknown	\	_

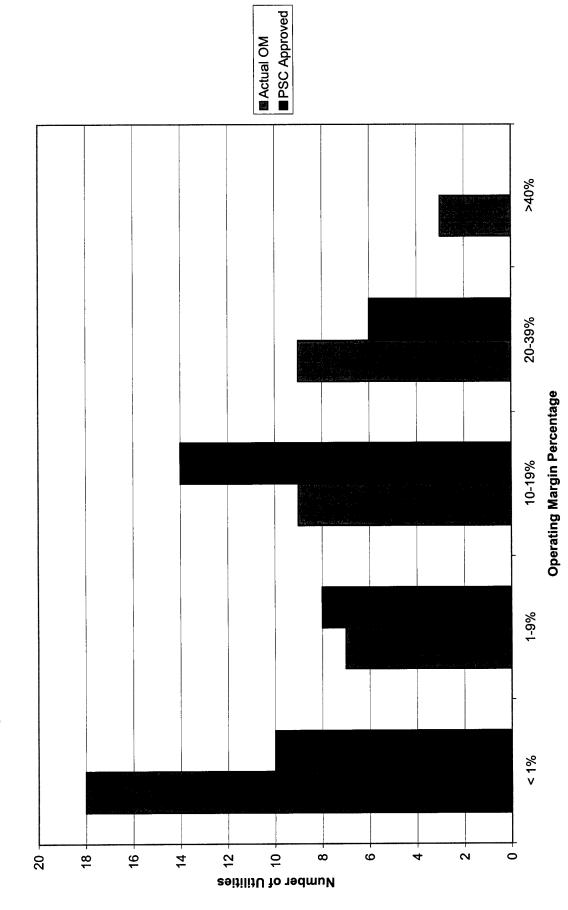
* Footnote:

Comparison of 2004 Operating Revenues and Operating Expenses

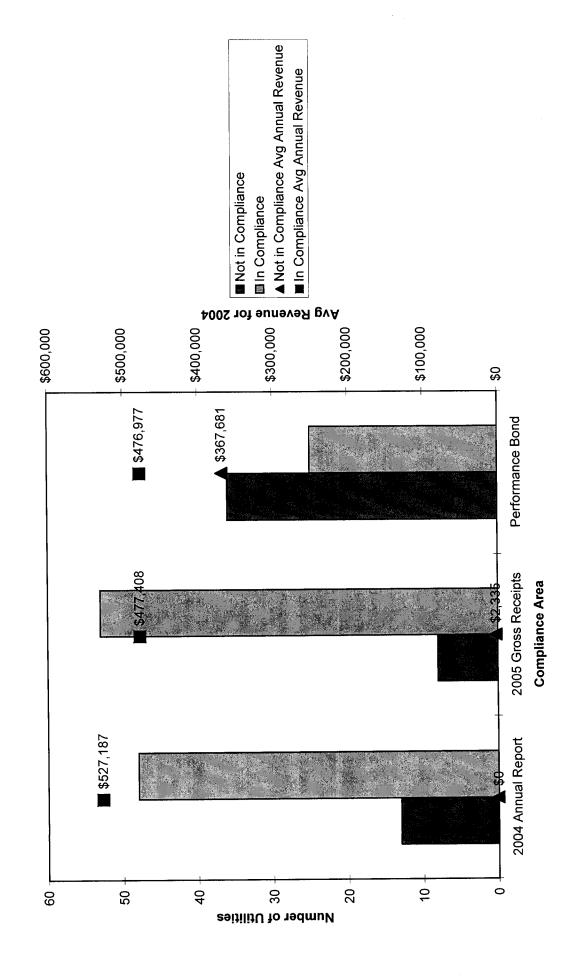


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Actual Operating Margin vs. PSC Approved Operating Margin: 2004 Annual Report Data



Compliance Status and Average Revenue



THE OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF DIRECT TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS

OF

WILLIE J. MORGAN





DOCKET NO. 2005-243-WS

PUBLIC HEARING REGARDING WATER

AND WASTEWATER

PERFORMANCE BONDS

1		
2		TESTIMONY OF WILLIE J. MORGAN
3		FOR
4		THE OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF
5		DOCKET NO. 2005-243-WS
6	II	RE: PUBLIC HEARING REGARDING WATER AND WASTEWATER
7		PERFORMANCE BONDS
8		
9		
10	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, BUSINESS ADDRESS AND
11		OCCUPATION.
12	A.	My name is Willie J. Morgan, and my business address is 1441 Main Street, Suite
13		300, Columbia, South Carolina 29201. I am employed by the state of South
14		Carolina, Office of Regulatory Staff ("ORS") as the Program Manager for the
15		Water and Wastewater Department.
16	Q.	PLEASE STATE YOUR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND AND
17		EXPERIENCE.
18	A.	I received a Bachelor of Science Degree in Engineering from the University of
19		South Carolina in 1985 and a Master of Arts Degree in Management from
20		Webster University in 2000. I am a licensed Professional Engineer registered in
21		the State of South Carolina. My professional affiliations are as a member of the
22		American Water Works Association ("AWWA"), the South Carolina Section of
23		the American Water Works Association ("SC-AWWA") and the National Society

Docket No. 2005-243-WS

of Professional Engineers ("NSPE"). After graduation from the University of
South Carolina, I was employed by the South Carolina Department of Health and
Environmental Control ("DHEC") as an Environmental Engineer Associate.
Later, I was promoted to the position of Permitting Liaison where I assisted
industries and the public with environmental permitting requirements in the state
of South Carolina. This assistance included providing information about air
quality, solid and hazardous waste management, and water and wastewater
management requirements. I was employed by DHEC for nineteen years. On
October 2, 2004, I joined the ORS as the Program Manager for the Water and
Wastewater Department.

11 Q. DO YOU HAVE ANY PUBLICATIONS TO YOUR CREDIT?

12 A. Yes.

Α.

13 Q. WHAT ARE THE NAMES OF SOME OF THOSE PUBLICATIONS?

While at DHEC, I published several editions of a document called "A General Guide to Environmental Permitting in South Carolina." This guide is a summary of the various environmental requirements that affect businesses and industries located or operating within the State of South Carolina. Another publication authored includes a document called "Environmental Protection Fees." This document is a summary of the fees charged for environmental programs. It includes detailed information about the fee collected by water utilities to implement the Safe Drinking Water Act Regulatory Program, fees collected from wastewater utilities to manage the National Pollution Discharge Elimination

		rage 3
1		System (NPDES) Program, and fees collected for construction activities
2		associated with water and wastewater utilities.
3	Q.	CAN YOU DESCRIBE THE MISSION OF THE OFFICE REGULATORY
4		STAFF?
5	A.	The mission of ORS is to represent the public interest in utility regulation by
6		balancing the concerns of the using and consuming public, the financial integrity
7		of public utilities, and the economic development of South Carolina.
8	Q.	CAN YOU DESCRIBE YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES AS THE PROGRAM
9		MANAGER FOR WATER AND WASTEWATER WITH THE OFFICE OF
10		REGULATORY STAFF?
11	A.	Yes. My responsibilities include performing analysis and providing testimony in
12		formal proceedings before the Public Service Commission of South Carolina
13		regarding rate base determinations, rate schedules, general terms and conditions,
14		cost of service and depreciation studies, and assuring compliance with applicable
15		rules and regulations. In addition, responsibilities include monitoring federal
16		activity to determine its impact on state regulations and policies.
17	Q.	HAVE YOU COMPLETED ADDITIONAL TRAINING AND/OR
18		EDUCATION SINCE YOUR GRADUATION FROM THE UNIVERSITY
19		OF SOUTH CAROLINA?
20	A.	I have completed courses in preparation for the professional engineering
21		examination as well as various review and continuing professional education
22		courses. The continuing professional education courses include attendance at the

Association

2004 Eastern National

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Regulatory Utility Commissioners

	•	Page 4
1		("NARUC") Utility Rate School: Basics of Ratesetting, the 2005 SC-AWWA
2		Annual Meeting, and other water and wastewater facility specific courses.
3	Q.	HOW LONG HAVE YOU PROVIDED REGULATORY OVERSIGHT
4		AND ENGINEERING SERVICES TO WATER AND WASTEWATER
5		FACILITIES?
6	A.	My experience includes over twenty years of regulatory compliance experience in
7		providing assistance and regulatory oversight for water and wastewater facilities.
8	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF YOUR TESTIMONY IN THIS
9		PROCEEDING?
10	A.	The purpose of my testimony is to set forth the ORS staff concerns and position
11		relative to the performance bonds posted with the Public Service Commission of
12		South Carolina ("PSC") for private investor-owned utilities. In addition, I will
13		provide information about the quality and service standards for water and
14		wastewater companies that are regulated by the PSC. Specifically, I will focus on
15		the water and wastewater companies' financial assurance mechanisms that are
16		being provided to the PSC, recommended types of assurances, and the quality and
17		service standards for water and wastewater companies.
18	Q.	ARE THE FINDINGS OF YOUR REVIEW CONTAINED IN THIS
19		TESTIMONY AND ACCOMPANYING EXHIBITS?
		are the attached ayhibite detail my findings and

- S
- Yes, my testimony and the attached exhibits detail my findings and 20 A. 21 recommendations.
- PLEASE EXPLAIN HOW YOU COMPILED INFORMATION FOR YOUR 22 Q. TESTIMONY AND EXHIBITS. 23

1	A.	I used information and documents provided by the PSC-regulated water and
2		wastewater utilities, PSC file information, and information gathered during the
3		ORS utility site inspections. I also reviewed various utility financial statements
4		and performance bond documents submitted to the PSC. Further, I consulted with
5		and used information from DHEC, the Environmental Protection Agency
6		("EPA"), and the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners.
7	Q.	WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF A UTILITY POSTING A PERFORMANCE
8		BOND?
9	A.	When a utility is unable to provide adequate water and/or sewer service, the
10		performance bond can be a financial resource for agencies or organizations
11		involved with the continued operation of the systems. The available financial
12		resources from an adequate surety would allow the organizations time to find a
13		receiver.
14	Q.	DESCRIBE THE VARIOUS METHODS THAT ARE CURRENTLY
15		BEING USED BY THE WATER AND/OR WASTEWATER UTILITIES
16		TO MEET THE PERFORMANCE BOND REQUIREMENT.
17	A.	Utilities are using the following four methods to meet performance bond
18		requirements: 1) individual sureties in the form of a personal financial statement;
19		2) insurance policies; 3) letters of credit; and 4) certificates of deposit. See
20		EXHIBITS WJM-1 and 2 for a comparison of the various performance bond tools
21		that are currently used by the Commission regulated water and wastewater
22		utilities. Thirty-nine (39) of the utilities are using a personal financial statement
23		to comply with the performance bond requirement. Four (4) utilities are using an

1		insurance certificate. Eleven (11) utilities have an irrevocable letter of credit.
2		Four (4) utilities have certificates of deposits on file with the Commission. As
3		can be seen in EXHIBIT WJM-3, most of the private investor-owned utilities
4		serve less than one-hundred (100) customers. Most of these utilities are utilizing
5		a personal financial statement to meet their obligation under the performance
6		bond requirement. For various reasons, some of these utilities have not been
7		meeting the statutory minimum requirement for a performance bond of \$100,000.
8	Q.	IS AN INDIVIDUAL SURETY A GOOD METHOD FOR PROVIDING
9		FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR A WATER OR WASTEWATER
10		COMPANY? EXPLAIN.
11	A.	No. The financial statements of individuals do not provide sufficient surety for
12		the required bonds. In order to protect consumers and the public interest, ORS
13		recommends that the regulations implementing and prescribing the filing of
14		performance bonds, and in particular the regulations concerning what constitutes
15		sufficient surety on the performance bonds, be examined and amended.
16	Q.	LIST YOUR CONCERNS WITH THE USE OF AN INDIVIDUAL
17		SURETY FOR A PERFORMANCE BOND.
18	A.	My concerns are as follows:
19		1. Asset valuation
20		2. Incomplete listing of liabilities
21		3. Net worth stability
22		4. Ease of asset mobility
23		5. Collection of funds and enforcement

1		6. Timeliness to obtain needed funds
2	Q.	WHAT ARE SOME OF THE CONCERNS IN EVALUATING ASSETS
3		USED ON A PERSONAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT THAT IS
4		CURRENTLY ALLOWED BY THE EXISTING REGULATIONS?
5	A.	It is very difficult if not impossible to verify the fair market value of certain assets
6		and liabilities listed on a personal financial statement. Financial statements that
7		are currently being accepted by the Commission to meet the requirements of the
8		performance bond include a variety of assets. Sometimes called a statement of
9		net-worth, these are financial statements of an individual and/or spouse who is
10		associated with the utility. While personal financial statements may be audited,
11		reviewed or compiled, most of the information contained on the financial
12		statements is difficult to verify. In addition, the value of assets such as stocks,
13		bonds, and real estate can fluctuate regularly.
14	Q.	WHAT ARE YOUR CONCERNS ABOUT THE SALARY INFORMATION
15		THAT IS PROVIDED ON THE PERSONAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT?
16	A.	Salaries can change, be lost, or listed inaccurately which can impact the net worth.
17		Unless the individual works for the State of South Carolina, it is almost
18		impossible to verify the actual salary or income of the individual providing the
19		surety. Income, revenue, or salary information of an individual generated from
20		the private sector is seldom released and is difficult to verify. In addition,

individual salary or income may change without notice.

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1	Q.	HOW CAN THE ORS STAFF DETERMINE IF ALL OF AN
2		INDIVIDUAL'S LIABILITY IS INCLUDED ON THE PERSONAL
3		FINANCIAL STATEMENT DOCUMENT?
4	A.	The ORS cannot verify that all of an individual's liability information is provided
5		or is accurate. Currently, many individuals omit or do not include all of their
6		liabilities. The current regulations do not require any form of external accounting
7		to ensure the liabilities are being reported accurately and that no additional
8		liabilities have been concealed. For example, ORS has often encountered
9		personal financial statements utilizing real property as a surety; however,
10		mortgage liabilities are commonly missing and, in one instance, the utility owner
11		admitted to ORS staff of the omission of an existing mortgage.
12	Q.	WHAT IS AN EXAMPLE OF MISLEADING INFORMATION OR
13		TERMINOLOGY THAT CAN BE EASILY MISINTERPRETED BY THE
14		REVIEWER?
15	A.	Generally accepted accounting principles require adequate disclosure on the
16		financial statements and any material fact not covered in the financials should be
17		disclosed in accompanying footnotes. However, if the utility representative
18		changes accounting methods simply by altering some of the words in the financial
19		statement, then the information on the statement can be misleading to the
20		reviewer. For example, if in one year, a footnote is included stating that certain
21		income is recognized when received (cash basis) while in the following year, the
22		word "received" is substituted with the word earned (accrual basis), this can have

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the intended effect of boosting an individual's income. While a careful review of

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the footnotes from year to year would normally detect such a change, the
processes necessary to identify these types of modifications would be overly
burdensome and time consuming to monitor. As a result, such changes can go
unnoticed by an auditor.

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5 Q. WHAT OTHER TYPES OF OMMISSIONS CAN OCCUR ON A 6 PERSONAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT?

Most fraudulent disclosures involve purposeful omissions, which normally fall into one of five categories: liabilities, significant events, individual fraud, accounting improprieties and related party transactions. Liability omissions usually involve an individual's failure to disclose loan information, covenants or contingent liabilities. Assets can appear to be inflated without the complete information concerning any liabilities associated with the assets. Significant events can include a legal judgment against the financial assets of the individual providing the surety. Also, a personal bankruptcy filing by an individual providing surety for a utility can create difficulty for the Commission and ORS to obtain needed funds from the utility. Individual fraud includes assets and liabilities being misrepresented to the Commission and ORS. improprieties can include certain assets not being identified properly. Some assets may be owned in part by other parties but the ownership status is not fully identified in the information filed by the individual providing the surety. Related party transactions can include agreements between the individual surety provider and the utility. This can include a loan to the utility by the individual surety

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1	provider.	If the	utility	is	having	problems,	it	may	be	difficult	for	the	utility	to
2	provide re	payme	nt of th	e lo	oan to tl	he individu	al	or an	y 01	ther entity	y.			

Q. PRESUMING THE INFORMATION IS CORRECT, WHAT ARE SOME OF THE CONCERNS OF ORS IN COLLECTING THE ASSET AND CONVERTING IT TO USEABLE CASH?

6 A. The purpose of posting a performance bond is to provide operating funds should the current utility operator be unable to continue operations. The personal 7 financial statement only indicates that the utility owner has the means to pay the 8 amount of the bond should the bond be revoked. However, if the owner does not 9 have the cash on hand to pay the bond it can be very difficult or impossible to 10 collect and convert certain assets to cash which will be used to cover operating 11 expenses of the utility. Some assets that have been listed by individuals include 12 real estate properties outside of the state of South Carolina and even properties 13 outside of the United States. These types of assets are not subject to the direct 14 jurisdiction of South Carolina; therefore, it would be very costly and time 15 consuming on the part of the collecting entity to convert these types of property to 16 cash. Given the physical location of some of the assets presented by the utility 17

performance bond using a personal financial statement.

representative, the collection process may be prohibited or too costly to pursue.

More importantly, listing assets on a personal financial statement does not create

a lien on that property so neither the PSC nor ORS would have a secured interest

in that property. See EXHIBIT WJM-4 for the procedure of collecting a

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1 Q. EXPLAIN SOME OF YOUR CONCERNS ABOUT THE TYPES
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- 2 ASSETS THAT ARE BEING USED BY THE WATER AND
- 3 WASTEWATER UTILITIES.
- 4 Certain assets listed on the personal financial statements are legitimate assets; A. 5 however, given the nature and type of the asset, it is not possible to collect and use it towards the operation of the utility. These types of assets include Individual 6 7 Retirement Accounts (IRAs), State Retirement Benefits, Social Security Benefits, and other forms of retirement benefits. All of these types of benefits have been 8 9 used by utility representatives to provide documentation of the required individual surety's personal assets, liabilities, and net worth under the performance bond 10 requirement. Any actions to collect on these types of assets to operate the system 11
- Q. IS THE USE OF THE INSURANCE POLICY OPTION A MORE RELIABLE SURETY?

and ensure its continued operations may be unsuccessful.

An insurance policy can provide security for a utility when it is unable to provide adequate water and/or sewer service or is unable to pay a Commission imposed fine or penalty. There are many potential advantages to the utility with an insurance policy in place to meet the performance bond requirement: (1) no asset restrictions; (2) control over the prequalification of the utility; (3) no need to investigate the assets of the surety; (4) no investigation period of a surety after a utility defaults and (5) coverage of a utility otherwise unqualified for a surety using a personal financial statement. An advantage of an insurance policy is that it would involve few parties: the entity being insured, the Commission, and the

	insurance company. As the contract or insurance policy specifies, the insurance
	company will provide compensation for the operating expenses and any penalties
	or fines as dictated by the Commission which provides a quick inflow of cash to
	support operating expenses. An insurance company's prequalification of a water
	and/or wastewater utility can be a valuable loss-prevention measure for the many
	customers that are served by the private investor-owned utilities in the State of
	South Carolina.
Q.	IS THE USE OF A CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT AN ACCEPTABLE
	SURETY?
A.	The certificate of deposit is an excellent tool for the utility to use in complying
	with the performance bond requirement. This type of financial surety can provide
	assurance that actual monies will be available to manage the utility for up to
	twelve months under normal circumstances. Further, a certificate of deposit is
	guaranteed by an FDIC insured financial institution licensed to do business in
	South Carolina; therefore, there would not be any uncertainty of whether
	recoverable funds are available.
Q.	IS THE USE OF AN IRREVOCABLE LETTER OF CREDIT AN
	ACCEPTABLE SURETY?
A.	An irrevocable letter of credit from a banking institution authorized to do business

An irrevocable letter of credit from a banking institution authorized to do business in the State of South Carolina is also an excellent tool for the utility to use in complying with the performance bond requirement. An irrevocable letter of credit is a type of surety that is guaranteed by the financial institution. If the utility is deemed to be unable to provide adequate service, funds could be drawn

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1	from	the	financial	institution	to	meet	the	needs	of	the	system	under	normal
2	circun	nstaı	nces for u	p to one yea	ar.								

- Q. GIVEN YOUR ASSESSMENT OF THE CURRENT PERFORMANCE
 BOND REQUIREMENT AND YOUR CONCERNS ABOUT THE USE OF
 A PERSONAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT, HOW WOULD YOU
 RECOMMEND THAT THE COMMISSION REVISE ITS EXISTING
 REGULATIONS?
 - Due to the inability to assure that the information is accurate and the limited authority for collection and enforcement, asset valuation problems, timeliness to obtain needed funds, net worth stability of the individual surety presenter, and ease of asset mobility, ORS proposes that the individual surety option be eliminated from the Commission regulations. If the Commission determines that particular circumstances warrant the use of a personal financial statement, the Commission will continue to retain the authority to waive this regulation in special situations. My suggestion is that the Commission revise its current regulations to eliminate the option for the utility to allow an individual to act as surety. A complete description of my suggested changes is included in EXHIBIT WJM-5. The elimination of the individual surety option will ensure that adequate funds will be available to operate the systems when they are most needed. This is especially true if the reason the utility is having problems is that the utility's owner is no longer able to operate the utility due to illness or death. The accessibility of an individual's surety is further complicated if the assets are held up in an estate settlement action.

1	Q.	THE COMMISSION ALSO INQUIRED INTO THE QUALITY AND
2		SERVICE STANDARDS. WHAT ARE SOME OF THE BENEFITS OF
3		WATER TESTING WHEN EVALUATING THE QUALITY AND
4		SERVICE OF A WATER UTILITY?
5	A.	Water tests may be conducted to evaluate basic water chemistry and to determine
6		if the water meets the minimum criteria for bacterial and chemical content. It is
7		one of the ways to determine if the utility is providing adequate water service to
8		its customers. The benefit of testing the water is that tests can provide an
9		unbiased assessment of the water quality. Testing is a useful tool that can help to
10		determine the cause of water quality issues and assist with customer complaint
11		issues.
12	Q.	WHAT IS THE BEST METHODOLOGY TO MEASURE THE QUALITY
13		AND SERVICE THAT IS BEING PROVIDED BY THE WATER
13 14		AND SERVICE THAT IS BEING PROVIDED BY THE WATER UTILITIES THAT ARE REGULATED BY THE COMMISSION?
	A.	
14	A.	UTILITIES THAT ARE REGULATED BY THE COMMISSION?
14 15	A.	UTILITIES THAT ARE REGULATED BY THE COMMISSION? In light of the current authority given to DHEC and its current inspection and
141516	A.	UTILITIES THAT ARE REGULATED BY THE COMMISSION? In light of the current authority given to DHEC and its current inspection and testing program, parameters such as turbidity and most other bacteria and
14151617	A.	UTILITIES THAT ARE REGULATED BY THE COMMISSION? In light of the current authority given to DHEC and its current inspection and testing program, parameters such as turbidity and most other bacteria and chemical analysis should be conducted by DHEC. This would conserve State
14 15 16 17 18	A.	UTILITIES THAT ARE REGULATED BY THE COMMISSION? In light of the current authority given to DHEC and its current inspection and testing program, parameters such as turbidity and most other bacteria and chemical analysis should be conducted by DHEC. This would conserve State resources and would provide the Commission and ORS with a more thorough
14 15 16 17 18	A.	UTILITIES THAT ARE REGULATED BY THE COMMISSION? In light of the current authority given to DHEC and its current inspection and testing program, parameters such as turbidity and most other bacteria and chemical analysis should be conducted by DHEC. This would conserve State resources and would provide the Commission and ORS with a more thorough review of the water quality. Color, odor, and taste can be observed by ORS

1		that the standards are being met. From our point of view the standards should
2		consist of very simple indicators, and be easy to understand and implement.
3	Q.	HOW DOES A WASTEWATER UTILITY ENSURE THAT IT IS
4		PROVIDING SEWERAGE SERVICE THAT IS "INSOFAR AS
5		PRACTICABLE FREE FROM OBJECTIONABLE ODORS"?
6	A.	The greatest pressure for improved utility performance ultimately comes from the
7		consumer. Sometimes these types of customer complaints may be lodged against
8		the utility because the customer does not want certain types of ulitity plant or
9		equipment close to their residence or in their neighborhood. Additionally, certain
10		odor issues may be related to a specific operational problem. At this time, no
11		specific standard or measuring method has been established by the EPA or DHEC
12		for evaluating odors from a wastewater utility. The South Carolina Pollution
13		Control Act (Section 48-1-120 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina 1976) does
14		offer some helpful tools to wastewater utilities for managing odor concerns.
15	Q.	HOW CAN A WASTEWATER UTILITY BEST EVALUATE THE
16		QUALITY AND SERVICE IT PROVIDES TO ITS CUSTOMERS?
17	A.	Compliance with the rules and regulations of the regulatory authorities is one of
18		the ways that the utilities can evaluate its performance. Managing wastewater in
19		itself is a dirty task and there is the potential for complaints to occur. When given
20		clear and specific conditions under which to operate, the utility should be able to
21		operate and coexist in the community for which it was built to serve. It should be
22		noted that the utility should immediately respond to all odor complaints and
23		attempt to determine the cause of the odors. Remedial action should be taken

- where appropriate to correct identified problems with the utility system. This can
- 2 help with the utility's effort to coexist with the customers that it serves.
- 3 Q. DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR TESTIMONY?
- 4 A. Yes it does.

THE OFFICE OF REGULATORY STAFF

DOCKET NO. 2005-243-WS

PUBLIC HEARING REGARDING WATER AND WASTEWATER

PERFORMANCE BONDS

WILLIE J. MORGAN TESTIMONY

EXHIBIT INDEX

EXHIBIT NO.	EXHIBIT TYPE	PREPARED BY
WJM-1	List of Water and Wastewater Utilities and their Performance Bond	ORS
	Status	
WJM-2	Chart with Types of Surety Used for Performance Bonds	ORS
WJM-3	Graph with Types of Surety versus Number of Customers	ORS
WJM-4	Process for Revocation of Performance Bond Using Personal	ORS
	Financial Statement	
WJM-5	Recommended Changes to Performance Bond Requirement	ORS

EXHIBIT WJM-1

PERFORMANCE BOND DATA ON FILE WITH THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION Last Revised 2/16/06

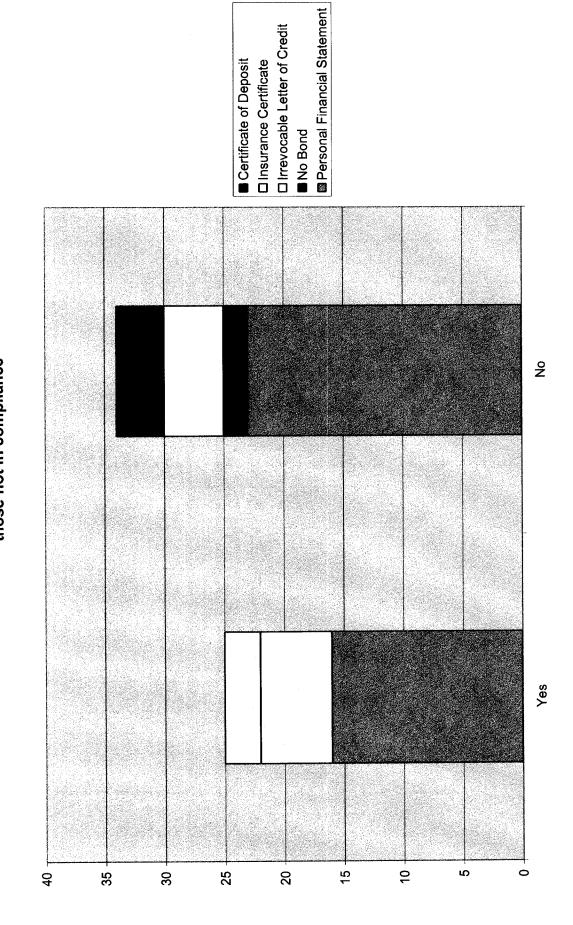
COMPANY	SERVICE TYPE	WATER AMOUNT	SEWER AMOUNT	BOND TYPE	Number of Customers*	EXPIRATION DATE	Compliant with at least Minimum Bond Requirement
A.D. Hare Water Works Inc	Water	\$100,000		Personal Financial Statement	613	Oct-06	Yes
AAA Utilities, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$30,000	\$10,000	Personal Financial Statement	536	Jun-05	No
Alpine Utilities, Inc.	Sewer		\$100.000	Personal Financial Statement	5,673	May-06	Yes
4 Agua South Carolina, Inc.	Sewer			Insurance Certificate	430	Dec-06	Yes
5 Ashley Oaks Water System, Inc.	Water	\$10,000		Certificate of Deposit	93	Auto	No
6 Avondale Mills, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$30,000	\$30,000	Certificate of Deposit	1,156	Auto	No .
Bush River Utilities, Inc.	Sewer		\$100,000		48	Sep-06	Yes
Carolina Water Service, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$350,000	\$350,000		15,512	Jul-06	Yes
Condor Environmental, Inc.	Sewer		\$100,000	Personal Financial Statement	1**	May-06	Yes
CUC, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$100,000	\$100,000	Personal Financial Statement	1,537	May-06	Yes
Development Services, Inc.	Sewer		\$100,000	Irrevocable Letter of Credit	140	Sep-06	Yes
Dowd Water Systems, Inc.	Water	\$100,000	V .00,000	Personal Financial Statement	62	Aug-06	No
E & R Partnership	Water	\$200,000		Personal Financial Statement	275	Jun-06	Yes
Eagle Point Water Co., Inc.	Water	Ψ200,000		Personal Financial Statement	64	9411 00	No
Ferguson Water System	Water	\$10,000	•	Personal Financial Statement	7	Apr-05	No
Floydville Community Water	Water	\$10,000		Insurance Certificate	81	Apr-05	
16 System Georgia Water & Well Services,	Water	\$10,000		Personal Financial			
17 Inc.	147-1	\$100,000		Statement No Bond	424 14	Sep-06	Yes Closing 2000-Mile-W
18 Gnato's Utility Goat Island Water & Sewer Co. Inc	Water Water/Sewer	-	***	Personal Financial	100	May 05	
Guerin's Creek Wastewater Utility,	Sewer	\$10,000	\$10,000	Statement		May-05	
20 Inc. H & H Enterprises, Inc.	Water	-	<u>-</u>	No Bond Personal Financial	14		
21		\$10,000		Statement	18	Jun-05	
22 Haig Point Utility Company, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$350,000	\$350,000	Insurance Certificate Personal Financial	954	Aug-06	Yes
Harbor Island Utilities, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$100,000	\$100,000	Statement	696	N ov-06	Yes
Hyde Park Water Works, Inc.	Water	\$100,000		Personal Financial Statement	92	Oct-06	Yes
JACABB Utilities, Inc. (formerly J.C 25 Cox Utilities, Inc.)	Sewer		\$100,000	Personal Financial Statement	33	Jun-06	Yes
Kiawah Island Utility, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$350,000	\$350,000		6,211	Auto	No
Lake Princeton Water Company	Water	\$100,000		Personal Financial Statement	10	Mar-05	No
Lake Wylie Community Utilities, 28 Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$100,000		Personal Financial Statement	568	Jun-06	Yes .
Links Water Treatment, LLC	Sewer		\$100,000	Irrevocable Letter of Credit	22	Jun-06	Yes
Madera Utilities, Inc.	Sewer			Personal Financial	404	Mar 05	No
30 Malaca Hillity Company Inc	Water/Sewer	\$140,000		Statement Insurance Certificate	104 348	Mar-05 Oct-06	
31 Melrose Utility Company, Inc. Midlands Utility, Inc.	Sewer Sewer	φ140,000		Irrevocable Letter of	2,842	Sep-06	
Moore Sewer, Inc.	Sewer		\$100,000	Personal Financial			
Ocean Lakes Utilities, LP	Water/Sewer			Statement Irrevocable Letter of	309	Jan-07	
34	Source	\$50,000		Credit Certificate of Deposit	2,571 7,554	Oct-94	
35 Palmetto Utilities, Inc. Piedmont Water Company, Inc.	Sewer Water		*	Personal Financial			
Piney Grove Utilities, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$100,000	\$125,00	Statement Personal Financial	18	Mar-05	
Quail Hollow Utilities, Inc.	Sewer	-	-	Statement Personal Financial	343	Mar-05	
38 Quail Ridge Water Company	Water		\$50,00	Statement Personal Financial	570	Mar-99	No
River Pines Water System, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$100,000		Statement Personal Financial	81	Sep-06	Yes
40				Statement Personal Financial	308	Mar-05	No.
Rural Water Co.	Water/Sewer	\$20,000	\$10,00	0 Statement Personal Financial	164	Dec-04	No
S.D. Utilities, LLC	Water/Sewer	\$100,000	\$100,00	0 Statement	190	Aug-05	No No
Scenic Lake Park	Sewer	1	1	Personal Financial Statement	29	Jun-06	Yes

PERFORMANCE BOND DATA ON FILE WITH THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION Last Revised 2/16/06

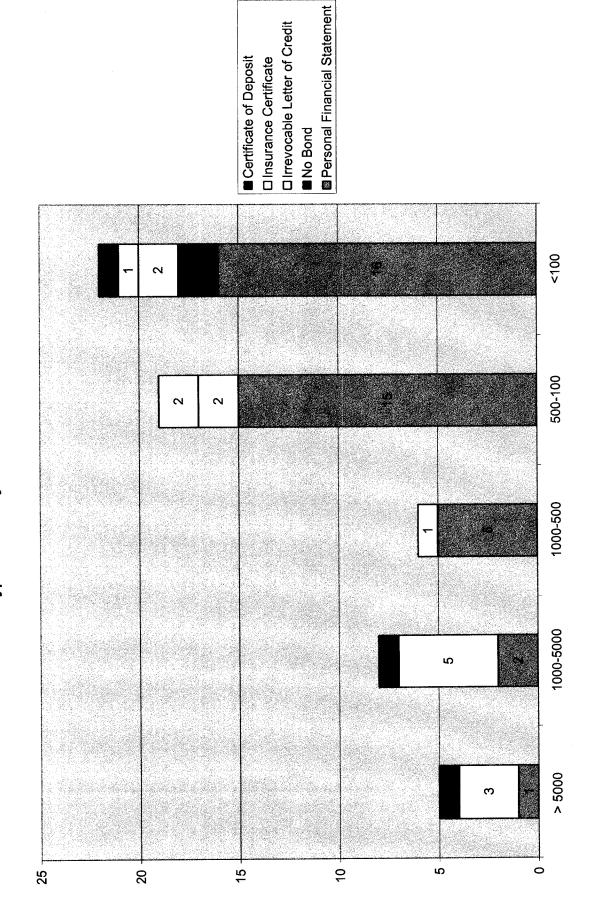
	COMPANY	SERVICE TYPE	WATER AMOUNT	SEWER AMOUNT	BOND TYPE	Number of Customers*	EXPIRATION DATE	Compliant with at least Minimum Bond Requirement
	Scotland Yard Utility	Water			Personal Financial			
44	,		\$20,000		Statement	48	Jul-06	No
45	Shoals Sewer Co.	Sewer		\$10,000	Personal Financial Statement	106	Jun-06	No
	Sigfield Water Co., Inc.	Water		Ψ10,000	Personal Financial			
46			\$10,000		Statement	83	Dec-04	No
47	South Atlantic Utilities, Inc.	Water	\$10,000		Personal Financial Statement	22	Jun-05	No
48	Southland Utilities, Inc.	Water	\$10,000	1	Irrevocable Letter of Credit	181	Jun-06	No
49	Suburban Water System	Water	\$10,000		Personal Financial Statement	14	May-05	Clocky 2005-304 VC
50	T. J. Barnwell Utility, Inc.	Sewer	\$100,000		Personal Financial Statement	230	Nov-06	Yes
51	Tega Cay Water Service, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$50,000	\$50,000		3,356	Jun-06	No
52	Total Environmental Systems, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$100,000	\$100,000		1,104	Auto	Yes
53	United Utility Companies, Inc.	Water/Sewer	\$50,000	\$50,000		1,541	Jun-06	No
54	Upstate Water Resources	Water	\$10,000		Personal Financial Statement	79	Jun-06	No
55	Utilities Services of South Carolina	Water/Sewer	\$50,000	\$50,000		7,349	Jun-06	No
56	Water Supply Co., Inc.	Water	\$10,000		Personal Financial Statement	222	Jul-06	No
57	Woodland Utilities, Inc.	Sewer		\$100,000	Personal Financial Statement	1,174	Jun-06	Yes
58	Wright's Plumbing & Utilities, Inc	Water	\$100,000		Personal Financial Statement	26	Mar-05	No
59	Wyboo Plantation Utilities, Inc.	Water	\$100,000	\$100,000	Personal Financial Statement	266	Sep-05	No
60	Wyboo Water Department, Inc.	Water	\$200,000		Personal Financial Statement	100	Jun-05	Yes

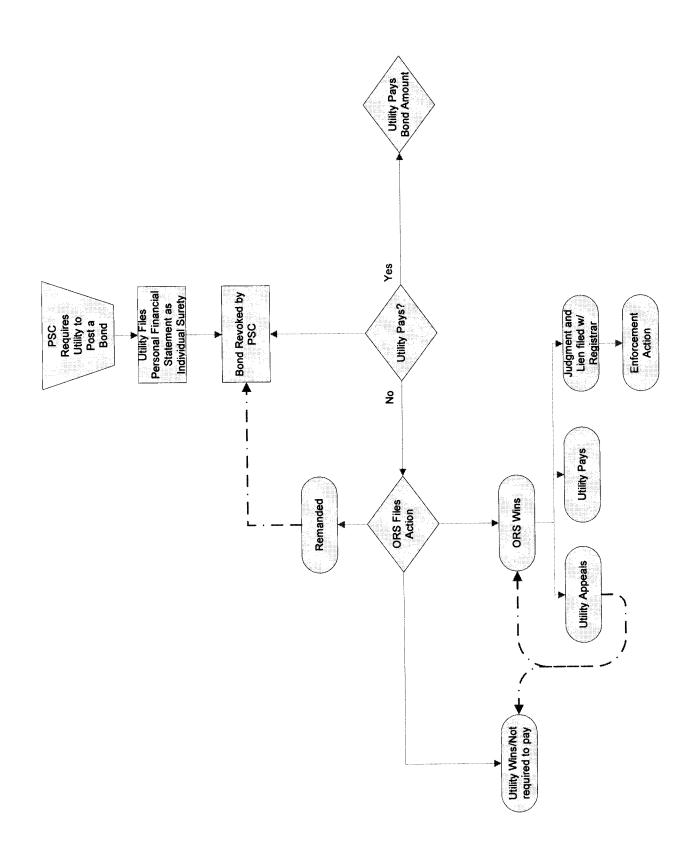
Unaudited information from annual reports and other documents submitted by utility
 Serves approximately 190 homes through homeowners association agreement.

Types of Bonding Instruments used by Companies in Compliance with PSC Regulations and those not in compliance



Types of Surety vs. Number of Customers





Proposed amendments to 26 S.C. Code Regs. 103-512.3.1 through 103-512.3.3 (Supp. 2004) and 26 S.C. Code Regs. 103-712.3.1 through 103-712.3.3 (Supp. 2004). Deletions from the current text are stricken (i.e. stricken) and additions to the current test are underlined (i.e. underlined). (Please note that the numbering of the regulations below is slightly different but this numbering tracks the numbering as published.)

103-512.3. Performance Bond.

Prior to operating, maintaining, acquiring, expanding or improving any utility system, for which Commission approval is required, the utility shall have on file with the Commission, and provide a copy to the ORS, a performance bond with sufficient surety using a format prescribed by the Commission.

103-512.3.1. Amount of Bond.

The amount of bond shall be based on, but not limited to, the total amount of the following categories of expenses for twelve months: Operation and Maintenance Expenses, General and Administrative Expenses, Taxes Other Than Income Taxes, Income Taxes, and Debt Service including Interest Expenses. The minimum amount of the bond shall be \$100,000 and the maximum amount of the bond shall be \$350,000 based on the verified expenses of the utility for the preceding twelve month period. A bond shall be required for each water and wastewater provider under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission. A certification that the face amount of the bond on file with the Commission complies with the provisions of 103-512.3.1 of this rule shall be filed with the annual report required by 103-512.1 of this rule. The Staff—ORS shall review the annual reports and certifications and determine whether the present bond of the utility as submitted in the annual report and as reviewed and adjusted by Staff,ORS, the Staff ORS shall make recommendations for increasing or reducing the amount of the bond within the minimum and maximum limits as prescribed by statute.

103-512.3.2. Sureties.

- (A) Sufficient surety may be any of the following or combination of the following totaling the value of the required bond amount:
- (1) a duly licensed bonding, or insurance, <u>casualty</u>, or <u>surety</u> company authorized <u>and licensed</u> to do business in this State. A corporate surety, other than such a bonding or insurance company, shall not be considered sufficient surety. Sufficient surety may be any individual, as stockholder, partner, sole owner, etc., in the utility, so long as the individual surety's net worth is at least twice the face amount of the performance bond.
 - (2) certificates of deposit and/or securities.

(a) Certificates of deposit may be drawn on federal or state chartered banks which maintain an office in this State and whose accounts are insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar insurance. Multiple certificates of deposit may be used to provide sufficient surety for a bond; each certificate of deposit posted as surety shall be covered by FDIC or similar insurance.

(b) Acceptable securities are:

- (i) obligations of the United States of America,
- (ii) obligations of the State of South Carolina,
- (iii) irrevocable letters of credit issued by financial institutions acceptable to the Commission.
- (B) Certificates of deposit provided as surety for the performance bond must be drawn in the name of the utility and the Commission. Irrevocable letters of credit and bonds or assurances issued by approved corporate sureties must name the Commission as obligee of the bond and must name the utility as the principal.
- (C) Utilities are to maintain at all times the required bond amount as provided in 103-512.3.1. Prior to the expiration, revocation, or maturity of any surety, the utility is to secure a new surety so that the required bond amount is in effect at all times. The utility shall provide the Commission and ORS written notification of the new surety by means of certified mail, return receipt requested. Any lapse in maintaining the performance bond and sureties at all times or failure to maintain the required bond amount shall result in an automatic 25% increase above the original required bond amount for a minimum of two years.
- (D) A corporate surety, other than a licensed bonding, insurance, casualty, or surety company authorized and licensed to do business in this State, shall not be considered sufficient surety. A utility may not stand as surety for its own bond. A personal financial statement, regardless of the individual's net worth, shall not be considered sufficient surety.

103-512.3.3. Financial Statement.

When any individual acts as surety, he shall file with the Commission annually a financial statement verified by said surety showing the individual surety's personal assets, liabilities, and net worth. The Commission may accept a verification of the financial statement in a format prescribed by the Commission.

103-712. Data to be Filed with the Commission.

- 3. Performance Bond. Prior to operating, maintaining, acquiring, expanding or improving any water utility system, for which Commission approval is required, the utility shall have on file with the Commission, and provide a copy to the ORS, a performance bond with sufficient surety using a format prescribed by the Commission.
- 3.1. Amount of Bond. The amount of bond shall be based on, but not limited to, the total amount of the following categories of expenses for twelve months: Operation and Maintenance Expenses, General and Administrative Expenses, Taxes Other Than Income Taxes, Income Taxes, and Debt Service including Interest Expenses. The minimum amount of the bond shall be \$100,000 and the maximum amount of the bond shall be \$350,000 based on the verified expenses of the utility for the preceding twelve month period. A bond shall be required for each water and wastewater provider under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission. A certification that the face amount of the bond on file with the Commission complies with the provisions of 103-712.3.1 shall be filed with the annual report required by 103-712.1 of this rule. The Staff ORS shall review the annual reports and certifications and determine whether the present bond of the utility accurately reflects the expenses of the utility. Based upon the expenses of the utility as submitted in the annual report and as reviewed and adjusted by Staff ORS, the Staff ORS shall make recommendations for increasing or reducing the amount of the bond within the minimum and maximum limits as prescribed by statute.

3.2. Sureties.

(A) Sufficient surety may be any of the following or combination of the following totaling the value of the required bond amount:

(1) a duly licensed bonding, or insurance, casualty, or surety company authorized and licensed to do business in this State. A corporate surety, other than such a bonding or insurance company, shall not be considered sufficient surety. Sufficient surety may be any individual, as stockholder, partner, sole owner, etc., in the utility, so long as the individual surety's net worth is at least twice the face amount of the performance bond.

(2) certificates of deposit and/or securities.

(a) Certificates of deposit may be drawn on federal or state chartered banks which maintain an office in this State and whose accounts are insured by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or similar insurance. Multiple certificates of deposit may be used to provide sufficient surety for a bond; each certificate of deposit posted as surety shall be covered by FDIC or similar insurance.

(b) Acceptable securities are:

(i) obligations of the United States of America.

- (ii) obligations of the State of South Carolina,
- (iii) irrevocable letters of credit issued by financial institutions acceptable to the Commission.
- (B) Certificates of deposit provided as surety for the performance bond must be drawn in the name of the utility and the Commission. Irrevocable letters of credit and bonds or assurances issued by approved corporate sureties must name the Commission as obligee of the bond and must name the utility as the principal.
- (C) Utilities are to maintain at all times the required bond amount as provided in 103-512.3.1. Prior to the expiration, revocation, or maturity of any surety, the utility is to secure a new surety so that the required bond amount is in effect at all times. The utility shall provide the Commission and ORS written notification of the new surety by means of certified mail, return receipt requested. Any lapse in maintaining the performance bond and sureties at all times or failure to maintain the required bond amount shall result in an automatic 25% increase above the original required bond amount for a minimum of two years.
- (D) A corporate surety, other than a licensed bonding or insurance company authorized to do business in this State, shall not be considered sufficient surety. A utility may not stand as surety for its own bond. A personal financial statement, regardless of the individual's net worth, shall not be considered sufficient surety.
- 3.3. Financial statement. When any individual acts as surety, he shall file with the Commission annually a financial statement verified by said surety showing the individual surety's personal assets, liabilities and net worth. The Commission may accept a verification of the financial statement in a format prescribed by the Commission.